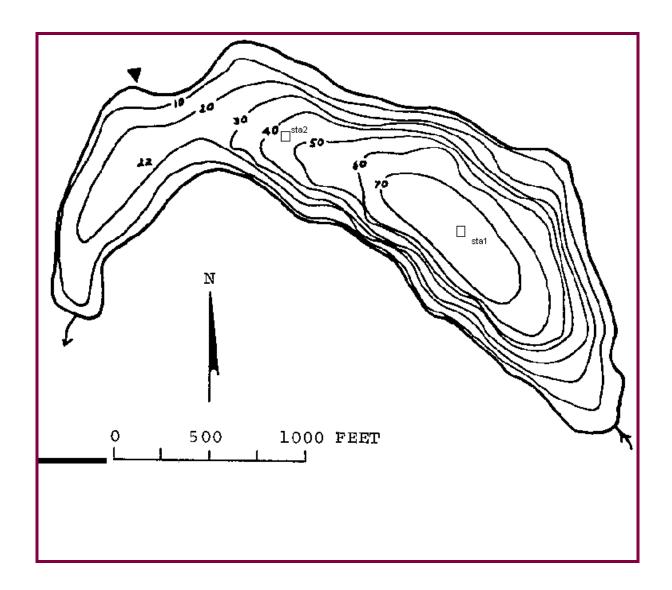
Lake ID: MARSN1

Ecoregion: 2

Lake Martha is located 10.5 miles northwest of Marysville, and one mile east of Warm Beach. It is fed by Lake Howard and drains to Port Susan. (Lake Martha is not the same lake as Martha Lake, which is located near Alderwood Manor.)

Area (acres)	Maximum Depth (ft)
62	70
Volume (ac-ft)	Shoreline (miles)
2034	1.76

Mean Depth (ft)	Drainag	e (sq mi)
33		2
Altitude (ft abv msl)	Latitude	Longitude
186	48 10 03.	122 20 46.



Primary Station	Station # 1	latitude: 48 10 06.7	longitude: 122 20 12.7
	Description:	Deep site. In middle of lake app at southeast corner.	proximate 1250 feet northwest of inflow
Secondary Station	Station # 2	latitude: 48 10 10.6	longitude: 122 20 27.5
	Description:	Located in middle of lake, about 250 feet south of boat launch in	t 750 feet east of boat launch (and about to the lake's middle).

Trophic State Assessment	for	1999		MARTHA (31N-04E-18)
Analyst: MAGGIE BELL-MCKINNOI	N		TSI_Secchi: a TSI_Phos: TSI_Chl: Narrative TSI:b	41

Summary Comments:

The general water clarity of Lake Martha was good to fair in 1999. The Secchi depth readings ranged from 2.4 meters (8.0 feet) to 5.0 meters (16.3 feet) with a mean Secchi depth of 3.4 meters (11.2 feet). For comparison, in 1998 the mean Secchi depth was 4.0 meters (13.1 feet).

Numerous geese and/or other waterfowl were observed on the lake by the volunteer monitor during six of her ten sampling visits made between May and September.

The chemistry data collected for Lake Martha showed moderate phosphorus levels. Values ranged from 11.1 ug/L to 15.1ug/L in the epilimnion and hypolimnetic readings of 26.1ug/L to 75.5 ug/L. The chlorophyll levels showed high algae densities in the lake. The phosphorus data indicates a level of productivity where algae growth could become a problem but usually not for long periods of time. The volunteer monitor reported an large amounts of suspended algae in the lake beginning in late May and lasting until the end of August.

Ecology staff made four site visits in 1999. Thermal stratification and low dissolved oxygen levels in the hypolimnion were noted during each of these visits.

Ecology staff conducted an aquatic plant survey on 7/20/1999. The non-native plant Nymphaea odorata (fragrant waterlily) grew in one patch in the lake. Another non-native plant Iris pseudacorus (yellow flag) also occurred in a few locations around the lake. Only a few submersed plants were observed, mostly occurring at the mouth of an unnamed intermittent inflow stream located at the southeast corner of the lake.

Based on the Secchi depth data, and the phosphorus and chlorophyll levels, Lake

Martha is classified as mesotrophic.

The following is an assessment writtenby Ecology staff, Sarah O'Neal to determine the phosphorus criterion for Lake Martha:

Lake Martha is a small, deep lake. While nutrient levels and Secchi depths were consistent with a mesotrophic lake, chlorophyll-a levels were elevated. In fact, we noted that 1999 brought the worst algal conditions observed in many years on the usually clear lake. Slightly elevated hypolimnetic total phosphorus concentrations indicated slight internal nutrient loading. Additionally, dissolved oxygen dropped off in the hypolimnion, particularly in September, another indication of the potential for internal nutrient loading. A number of activities in the watershed may have been responsible for the productivity of the lake. In particular, there was an apparent increase in resident geese, which often add nutrients to a lake system. Homes with manicured lawns, many running down to the shoreline, surrounded the majority of the lake (an estimated two-thirds). Fertilizers, a common nutrient source, were clearly used on many of the lawns. Lawns are known to attract and sustain geese year round. Finally, agriculture was the primary land use within the watershed; farm runoff is another potential source of nutrients. Fortunately, plants were not a problem in the lake. Submerged plants grew only sparsely, and no problem species grew in or around the lake.

Nineteen residents and two visitors completed the questionnaire. They indicated a wide variety of uses including swimming, relaxing, watching wildlife, canoeing, kayaking, and using personal watercraft. All but one respondent answering the question about water quality agreed that water quality had worsened in the past decade or two. The respondents especially desired less algae, clearer water, good swimming, and fewer Canada geese on the lake. The lake and its surroundings provided habitat for eagles, hawks, grebes, and other waterfowl. Fish habitat was somewhat sparse on the lake, and consisted largely of human structures and aquatic plants. However, WDFW managed the lake primarily for rainbow trout. Between 1000 and 2000 catchable fish were planted each spring before opening day. Four inch brown trout were also planted in the fall. The fishery effectively utilized zooplankton, as indicated by a decrease in their average size over the summer. However, smaller forms dominated the zooplankton community, particularly later in the summer, indicating a possible overabundance of prey to predator species. Anadromous fish do not use Martha Lake. Warmwater fish species in the lake included largemouth bass, yellow perch, and brown bullhead. The lake received only about 50 anglers on opening day of its year-round season.

Despite increasingly dense algal growth, uses of the lake appeared to be largely supported. In order to maintain water quality of the lake and prevent increased nutrient loading, we recommend a total phosphorus criterion of 15.8 ug/L (mean 12.5 ug/L plus standard deviation of 3.3 ug/L).

Mean Secchi = 3.2m; Mean TP = 12.5 ug/L; Mean Chl = 7.6 ug/L

Chemistry Data

MARTHA (31N-04E-18)

Chemi	Su y I	Data						IVL	ARTHA (3	IN-04E-18)
Date	Time	Strata		Tot N (mg/L)	TN:TP	Chloro- phyll (ug/L)	Fecal Col. Bacteria (#/100mL)	Hardness (mg/L)	Calcium (ug/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
Station 0										
6/10/1999		L					3			
		L					4			
8/11/1999		L					13			
		L					9			
Station 1										
6/10/1999		E	15.1	.455	30	8.1		30.5	5760	.8
		Н	57.5	.635	11					
7/16/1999		E	12.4	.584	47	10.5				
		Н	75.5	.729	10					
8/11/1999		E	11.2	.637	57	11.2				1.2
		Н	26.1	.728	28					
9/10/1999		E	11.1	.416	37	3.2				
		Н	33.8	.811	24					
Station 2										
6/10/1999		E	11.9	.448	38	8.2				
7/16/1999		E	11.1	.571	51	11.6				
8/11/1999		Е	11.1	.652	59	11.6				
9/10/1999		E	8.45	.415	49	3				

Strata: L=lake surface, E=epilimnion, H=hypolimnion; Qualifier: J=Estimate, U=Less than, G=Greater than.

Watershed Survey		MARTHA (3	31N-04E-18)
Land Uses (1 = Primary, 2 = Secondary, etc.)		Survey Date:	9/10/1999
1 Agriculture(commercial, not hobby) Commercial, Industrial Major transportation Impervious surfaces (Roads and parking area): No Curbs	2	Residential Park, forest or natural	
Observations (check mark denotes presence)			

^a TSI Qualifiers: B or W-Secchi Disk hit bottow or entered weeds; J-Estimate; N-Fewer than the required number of samples

^b E=eutrophic, ME=mesoeutrophic, M=mesotrophic, OM=oligomesotrophic, O=oligotrophic

zers used widely. Many docks in the H2O.	
ated that a septic system recently failed.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Geese	
n H2O, three in yard).	
s appear to be used in residential or agriculture	area 🗸
ms and watlands	
	any cases.
<u> </u>	··· y ······
	Survey Id: 30
· · ·	MARTHA (31N-04E-18 Date of Visit: 7/20/199
	2400 02 110100
•	,
1,441,61 02,544,012	·
5	
trees > 0.3 m DBH	1.4
trees< 0.3 m DBH	1.1
	1.8
	1.1
	1.6
	3.4
	0.1
	0.9
	0.0
	0.8
<u>e</u>	0.3
	0.4
	3.3
other	0.4
-	
angle (O:<30; 1: 30-75; 2:nr vertical)	1.1
1	Geese

Λ		•	٠
U	١.	l	

Human Influence	(0 = absent, 1 = adjacent to or behind	d plot, 2 = present within plot)
	buildings	1.0
	commercial	0.0
	park facilities	0.0
	docks/boats	1.2
	walls, dikes, or revetments	0.7
	litter, trash dump, or landfill	0.0
	roads or railroad	0.0
	row crops	0.0
	pasture or hayfield	0.0
	orchard	0.0
	lawn	1.4
	other	0.0
Physical Habitat Cha	aracteristics	
	station depth (m; at 10 m from shore)	2.8
Bottom Substrate (0	= absent, 1 = <10%, 2 = 10-40%, 3 =	40-75%, $4 = >75%$)
	bedrock	0.0
	boulders	0.0
	cobble	0.2
	gravel	1.5
	sand	1.3
	silt	2.4
	woody debris	0.8
Macrophyte Areal C	overage $(0 = absent, 1 = <10\%, 2 = 10$	0-40%, $3=40-75%$, $4=>75%$
	submergent	0.5
	emergent	0.7
	floating	0.1
	total weed cover	1.1
Do macrophytes e	extend lakeward $(-1 = yes, 0 = no)$	-0.3
Fish Cover (0 = abser	nt, 1 = Present but sparse, 2 = moder	rate to heavy)
	aquatic weeds	1.0
	snags	0.0
	brush or woody debris	0.8
	inundated live trees	0.3
	overhanging vegetation	0.8
	rock ledges or sharp dropoffs	0.0
	boulders	0.0
	human structures	1.2

Questionnaire	MARTHA (31N-04E-18)
---------------	---------------------

Results compiled from	31 Surve	ys.	Average time (year	s) respondents spent on lake:	19.38
Did the following add (+	1), detract ((-1), or have no effect (0)	on your enjoyment o	of the lake today?	
Types of WaterCraft:	0.5	View:	0.6	Distance to Lake:	0.2
Public Access:	-0.2	Swim Beach:	0.5	Canada Geese:	-0.8
Water Clarity:	-0.1	Water Qual. for Swim:	-0.1		
Fishing Quality:	0.2	Aquatic Plants:	-0.4		

1.3

Which would you rather have, 1 or 2?

- 1) Better fishing and more natural habitat, or 2) clearer water? 1.5
- 1.0 1) Clearer water, or 2) fewer aquatic plants?

1) Better fishing and more natural habitat, or 2) fewer aquatic plants?

How important is each of the following characteristics to you (1 = very undesirable, 5= very desirable):

Restricted Watercraft:	4.2	Good Warmwtr Fishing:	2.8	Natural Scenery:	4.3
Plant Growth:	2.2	Good Swimming:	4.4	Public Beach:	1.8
Natural Shoreline:	3.7	Less Algae:	4.5	Canada Geese:	1.4
No Odors:	4.2	Public Access:	2.5		
Good Coldwtr Fishing:	3.8	Clear Water:	4.5		

Tabulated Results

						Water Clarity			
Survey		T.			Primary	Purchase	Has it	XX/I 9	
ID	Date	K	Residency	Own	Activity*	Factor?	Changed?	When?	
94	8/8/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	3	✓	No		
99	7/5/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	live on lake		Worse	1985	
115	9/10/1999	Resident	Permanent	Own	2		No		
133	7/27/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	10		Worse	1996	
182	7/3/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	10	✓	Unknow	n	
184	7/4/1999	Resident	Seasonal	Rent	6		Worse	1994	
185	7/3/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	7	✓	Unknow	n	
186	7/5/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	6	✓	Worse		
187	7/6/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	10	✓	Worse	1983	
188	7/4/1999	Resident	Seasonal	Rent	6		Worse		
190	7/8/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	6	✓	Worse	1996	
193	7/3/1999	Resident	Permanent	Own	2		Unknow	n	
194	7/7/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	7		Unknow	n	
195	7/9/1999	Resident	Seasonal	Rent	10		Worse		
196	7/9/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	6		Worse	1994	
197	7/8/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	6		No		
198	7/8/1999	Resident	Seasonal	Rent	6		Worse		
199	7/3/1999	Resident	Permanent	Rent	7		No		

200	7/5/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	0	✓	Worse	1989
202	7/5/1999 Visitor			7		Worse	1998
203	7/3/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	6		Unknown	
204	7/5/1999 Visitor			7		Worse	
205	7/4/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	2	✓	Worse	1995
207	7/6/1999 Resident Kill the geese	Seasonal	Rent	home maintenance		Worse	
209	7/16/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	paddle boat	✓	No	
211	7/13/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	7	✓	Better	1995
212	7/15/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	2	✓	Worse	1990
214	7/17/1999 Resident		Rent	2	✓	Worse	
215	7/15/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	0	✓	No	
216	7/15/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	2	✓	Worse	1990
217	7/9/1999 Resident	Permanent	Rent	1	✓	Worse	1996

^{* 1=}canoe/kayak, 2=fish, 3=pers. wtrcrft, 4=mtrboat, 5=sail, 6=swim/wade, 7=watch wldlf, 8=ski, 9=windsurf, 10=relaxing

RSN1

Zooplank	ton F	Report		MAF				
Date 6/10/1	1999	Station: 1 Sample ID 86	Less than 1/8 mLs measured.					
Number of organ	isms mea	asured: #Delet						
Group	Perce	ent	Group Percent					
Cladocera	#Dele	eted	Small < 1mm #Deleted					
Copepod	#Dele	eted	Large >= 1mm #Deleted					
Other	#Dele	eted	Ratio of large to Smal #Num!					
			Average size (mm): 0.87					
Date 6/10/1	1999	Station: 2 Sample ID 73	Slightly less than 0.5mL measured. Some algae and rotifers.					
Number of organ	isms mea	asured: #Delet						
Group	Perce	ent	Group Percent					
Cladocera	#Dele	eted	Small < 1mm #Deleted					
Copepod	#Dele	eted	Large >= 1mm #Deleted					
Other	#Dele	eted	Ratio of large to Smal #Num!					
			Average size (mm): 0.66					
Date 8/11/1	1999	Station: 1 Sample ID 39	Length of tow not labeled. Lots of nostoc in sample.					
Number of organ	isms mea	asured: #Delet						
Group	Perce	<u>ent</u>	Group Percent					
Cladocera	#Dele	eted	Small < 1mm #Deleted					

Date 8/11/1999 Station: 2

#Deleted

#Deleted

Copepod

Other

Sample ID 57

Length of tow not labelled.

Average size (mm):

Large >= 1mm #Deleted

Ratio of large to Smal #Num!

0.45

Number of organisms measured: #Delet

Group	Percent	Group Pe	ercent	_
Cladocera	#Deleted	Small < 1mm	#Dele	ted
Copepod	#Deleted	Large >= 1mm	#Dele	ted
Other	#Deleted	Ratio of large to	Smal	#Num!
		Average size (m	nm):	0.39

Aquatic Plant Data

MARTHA (31N-04E-18)

Sampler: Parsons, O'Neal Max depth of growth (M):2.5

Survey Date: 7/20/1999

Comments Sunny, calm. Habitat survey done. Sediment mostly gravelly with silt overlay. Few submersed plants except at the inflow. Much algae in the water. Much of shoreline very manicured, some more natural sections.

SPECIES LIST			
Scientific Name	Common Name	Dist ^a	Comments
Chara sp.	muskwort	1	
Elodea canadensis	common elodea	2	only one very dense patch found, reported to have 4 leaves in past years
Iris pseudacorus	yellow flag	2	
Juncus sp.	rush	2	
Nuphar polysepala	spatter-dock, yellow water-lily	2	patches
Nymphaea odorata	fragrant waterlily	1	one pink flowered patch
Potentilla palustris	purple (marsh) cinquefoil	2	
Potamogeton sp (thin leaved)	thin leaved pondweed	2	at SE end
Typha latifolia	common cat-tail	1	

a 0 - value not recorded (plant may not be submersed)

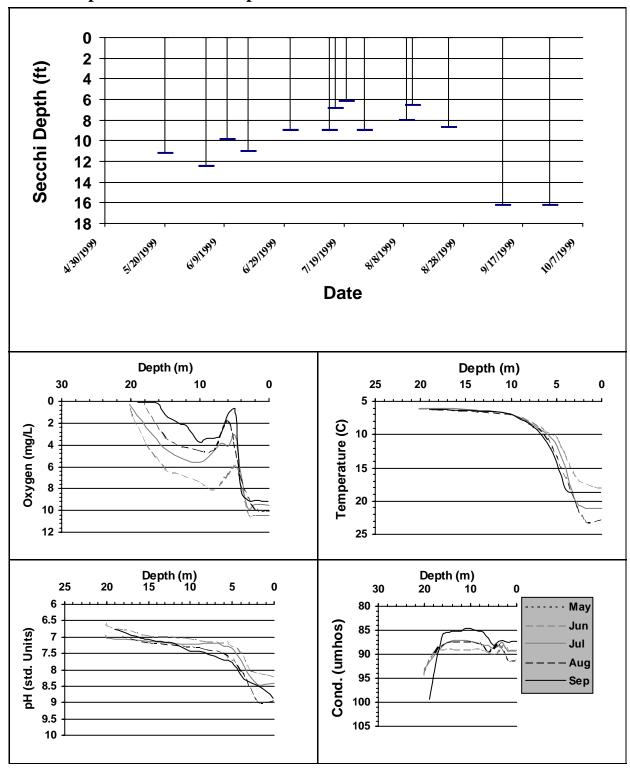
^{1 -} few plants in only 1 or a few locations

^{2 -} few plants, but with a wide patchy distribution

^{3 -} plants in large patches, codominant with other plants

^{4 -} plants in nearly monospecific patches, dominant

^{5 -} thick growth covering substrate to exclusion of other species



Date		Temp- erature (F)	Secchi (ft)	Color (1-greens, 11-browns	Bright- ness (pct)	` /	Rainfall (0-none, 5-heavy)	Aesthetics (1-bad, 5- good)	Swimming (1-poor, 5- good)	Geese (#)	Waterfowl (besides geese #)	Boats- Fishing (#)	Boats- Skiing (#)
Station 1													
5/20/1999		15	11.25	8	50	2	4	4	3	3	7	1	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. Ve	ry large clum	py particulate.					
6/3/1999		18	12.5	7	0	2	1	4	4	0	5	1	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. Be	autiful day. T	Cotal of 1.1 inche	es rain Memorial	Day and S	unday.		
6/10/1999			9.84	7	75	1	1	5	5	30	1	0	0
	Sampler	: SMITH		Remark		residential, son third of shorel			rchased nearby ti	mber land.	Some new home	s just built in s	shed. Only
6/17/1999		21	11	8	25	1	1	5	4	27	2	0	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. Sm	all particulate	e. Rosa nutkana	in bloom.				
7/1/1999		19	9	8		1	5		3	24	0	0	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark		view tube. Wi dock - pale gre		wo days rained 0	0.8 inches. Water	like lookii	ng through snow s	torm. Algae s	cum in cove
7/14/1999		21.5	9		75	3	2	4	4	0	0	0	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. Sti	ll a whiteout!						
7/16/1999			6.89	6	80	3	1	4	2	18	1	0	0
	Sampler	: SMITH		Remark	s: Conside	rable algal blo	omworst I'v	e seen on this lal	ke. Bald eagle ob	served.			
7/20/1999			6.23										
	Sampler	: Parsons		Remark	s:								
7/26/1999		21	9	7	0	3	2	4	4	0	0	1	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. Sti	ll heavy algae	. Two families of	of geese are still o	n the lake.	Heard pied-bille	d grebe.	
8/9/1999		23	8	6	25	1	2	4	3	9	11	1	0
	Sampler	: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a	view tube. The	e clarity is beg	ginning to worry	me. Color #6 isr	't really co	orrect but I wanted	l to indicate a	color change
8/11/1999			6.6	3	100	3	1	4	3	0	0	0	0
	Sampler	: SMITH		Remark	_	enist I've ever awk observed.		Fec #1 approx.	70 meters east of	boat laund	ch near old pier. I	Fec #2 at boat 1	launch. Red

Date	Time	Temp- erature (F)	Secchi (ft)	Color (1-greens, 11-browns	Bright- ness (pct)	Wind (1-none, 5-gusty)	Rainfall (0-none, 5-heavy)	Aesthetics (1-bad, 5- good)	Swimming (1-poor, 5- good)	Geese (#)	Waterfowl (besides geese #)	Boats- Fishing (#)	Boats- Skiing (#)
8/23/1999		22	8.75	7	0		2	4	4	0	0	0	0
	Sample	er: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a v	view tube.							
9/10/1999		18.5	16.25	7	0	1	1	5	5	0	0	0	0
	Sample	er: DEAN		Remark	xs:								
9/26/1999		17	16.25	6	50	1	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
	Sample	er: DEAN		Remark	s: Used a v	view tube. Ra	ined 0.6 inche	es in about 45 mi	inutes last night.	Very wind	y yesterday. Som	e small partice	ılate.